

Presents

Additional Resources To Use In The Creation of DAP Curriculum Lesson Plans

Using



Including, but not limited to:

Lesson Planning Resources/Support; Learning Center Resources; Supplemental Websites; National Health Education and Science Education Standards; Decision Making Tools; and Double Entry Journal Ideas

About the Elks National Drug Awareness Program

A comprehensive, coordinated school health education program includes appropriately credentialed elementary and health education teachers, administrators, credentialed school nurses, school counselors, other educators, local school boards, a wide range of support staff and volunteers, families and **community members, and community agencies.** A high-quality health education program requires the support and collaboration of all stakeholders within a community. Being a nation-wide community-based organization, the Elks are well-suited to support the comprehensive, coordinated school health education program called for in the various State Health Education Frameworks.

The Elks National Drug Awareness Program strives to provide current and accurate information to all children and parents about the dangers of illegal drug use and prevent the abuse of legalized and prescription drugs. As the largest volunteer drug awareness program in the United States, the program relies on volunteers at the National, State, and Lodge level, to promote a healthy and drug-free lifestyle. By taking pride in America's communities and youth, the program takes action against youth drug use through education and inspiration.

One of the newest additions to the Elks National Drug Awareness Program is the introduction of the Elksteenzone.org. The information found on this website is targeted for use by students in grades four through nine. All stakeholders can utilize the standards-based resources found on the Elksteenzone.org website. Elements contained on this website include on-line lessons which can be used by teachers, guardians, and other adults to create online Distance Virtual Lessons for use by all students, including those with special needs, in the classroom. In addition, there are related resources, including articles, videos, and other education resources available to support the DVL lessons. This website is 100% free. The Elks are proud to provide the Elksteenzone.org website and are constantly striving to include the most accurate, up-to-date information possible. In addition to the Elksteenzone.org, the Elks can also provide nationally renowned speakers to support and enhance health education topics.

Characteristics of an Effective Health Education Curriculum

Health education provides young people with the knowledge and skills needed to become successful learners as well as healthy and productive adults. The health education curriculum clarifies what health content is important and what students should be able to do as a result of participating in learning experiences.

One of the key considerations of any Health Education program is that the program is standardsand research-based. Today's health curricula should reflect the growing body of research that emphasize the following:

- Teaching functional health information (essential knowledge).
- Shaping personal values and beliefs that support healthy behaviors.
- Shaping group norms that value a healthy lifestyle.
- Developing the essential health skills necessary to adopt, practice, and maintain health-enhancing behaviors.

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), an effective health education curriculum has the 15 following characteristics

- 1. Focuses on clear health goals and related behavioral outcomes
- 2. Is research-based and theory-driven
- 3. Addresses individual values, attitudes, and beliefs
- 4. Addresses individual and group norms that support health-enhancing behaviors
- 5. Focuses on reinforcing protective factors and increasing perceptions of personal risk and harmfulness of engaging in specific unhealthy practices and behaviors
- 6. Addresses social pressures and influences
- 7. Builds personal, social competence, and self-efficacy by addressing skills
- 8. Provides functional health knowledge that is basic, accurate, and directly contributes to health-promoting decisions and behaviors
- 9. Uses strategies designed to personalize information and engage students
- 10. Provides age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate information, learning strategies, teaching methods, and materials.
- 11. Incorporates learning strategies, teaching methods, and materials that are culturally inclusive
- 12. Provides adequate time for instruction and learning
- 13. Provides opportunities to reinforce skills and positive healthy behaviors
- 14. Provides opportunities to make positive connections with influential others
- 15. Includes teacher information and plans for professional development and training that enhances effectiveness of instruction and student learning.

The National Health Education Standards and National Science Education Standards reflect essential knowledge for students to have and essential skills for them to be able to perform. There are eight National Health Education Standards. An effective curriculum has clear health-related goals and behavioral outcomes that are directly related to these goals. According to the CDC, A Pre-K-12 comprehensive curriculum should enable students to meet Healthy Behavior Outcomes. The National Health Education Standards, The National Science Standards, and the Healthy Behavior Outcomes are included on the next few pages:



Online Lesson	Resources/Support Materials	Standards
General Drug Information	LEARNING CENTER - Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate	NHES – Standard 1
	an understanding of the lesson.	Health Concepts –
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide - General Information About Drugs	ATOD (AOD) HBO 1 -
	ElksTeenZone Articles:	∞
	 Not All Medicine is Good for You 	NSES – Standard 6
	 Drug Effects: Body and Mind 	
	 Uppers and Downers 	
	Prescription Drugs	
	 What Makes a Drug Helpful vs Harmful 	
	ElksTeenZone Videos:	
	• Try	
***************************************	 Facing Addiction 	
	Drug Awareness Make-up Transformation	
	Trivia Contest	
	Crossword Puzzle - General Drug Information	
	Elkskidszone	
	Why Drugs are Bad	
	 How Can I Tell If My Child Is Using Drugs? 	
Alcohol	LEARNING CENTER - Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate	NHES – Standard 1
	an understanding of the lesson	NHES – Standard 7
	ElksTeenZone Articles:	NHES – Standard 8
	Over Glorifying Drinking: It Doesn't Make You Cool	ATOD HBO 2, 3, 5 - 8
	Dangers of Alcohol	
	• You've Been Asked To Try Alcohol: Don't Freak Out!	
	Creative Ways to Say No to Alcohol	

**All standards referenced have been adapted from the National Health Education Standards (NHES) and the National Science Education Standards (NSES) – Science in Personal and Social Perspectives. Additional concepts, skills, and healthy behavior outcomes have been adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Health Education Curriculum Analysis Tool (HECAT)



Alcohol (Continued)	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide – Alcohol	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Activity - Alcohol Education Baseball Activity	
	Trivia Contest	
	Crossword Puzzle – Alcohol	
	Elks Drug Awareness Pamphlets:	
	 DAP110 – Underage Drinking, Myths and Facts 	
	• DAP 270 – Binge Drinking	
	DAP 380 – Impaired Driving	
	Elkskidszone	
	Underage Drinking: Myths vs Facts	
	 Elroy on Choices 	
Marijuana	LEARNING CENTER - Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate	NHES – Standard 1
	an understanding of the lesson	NHES – Standard 7
	ElksTeenZone Articles:	NHES – Standard 8
	Dangers of Marijuana	ATOD HBO 2, 4, 5 - 8
	ElksTeenZone Videos:	
	• What's the Deal with Synthetic Weed?	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide – Marijuana	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Activity – Study Buddies Activity	
	Trivia Contest	
	Crossword Puzzle – Marijuana	
	Elks Drug Awareness Pamphlets:	
	• DAP 265 – Kids, Cars and Marijuana	
	DAP 275 – Legalizing Marijuana	
	DAP 360 – Marijuana Facts	
	DAP 380 – Impaired Driving	
	• DAP 390 – K2/Spice	
	Elkskidszone	

^{**}All standards referenced have been adapted from the National Health Education Standards (NHES) and the National Science Education Standards (NSES) – Science in Personal and Social Perspectives. Additional concepts, skills, and healthy behavior outcomes have been adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Health Education Curriculum Analysis Tool (HECAT)



Marijuana (Continued)	 Drug Abuse: Marijuana 	
	 The Truth About Marijuana 	
	 Travelers and Residents of Colorado Beware! 	
	Get Smart About Drugs - Operation Prevention -	
	https://www.operationprevention.com/multi-drug-exploratory - lessons about	
	drugs.	
Tobacco	LEARNING CENTER - Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate	NHES – Standard 1
	an understanding of the lesson	NHES – Standard 7
	ElksTeenZone Articles:	NHES – Standard 8
	Tobacco	T (Tobacco) – HBO 1-5
	 Tobacco and Leadership 	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide - Tobacco	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Activity – Tobacco Team Tune-Up	
	Trivia Contest	
	Crossword Puzzle - Tobacco	
	Elks Drug Awareness Pamphlets:	
	 DAP 200 Tips for Teens – Tobacco 	
	 DAP 380 Impaired Driving 	
Bullying	LEARNING CENTER - Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate	NHES – Standard 2
	an understanding of the lesson	NHES – Standard 4
	ElksTeenZone Articles:	NHES – Standard 5
	 Bullying vs Conflict 	MEH- HBO 1 - 8
	Bullying: Innocent Bystander	
	ElksTeenZone Videos:	
	 What's the Deal with Synthetic Weed 	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide - Bullying	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Activities:	
	Bullying Baseball	
	0	

^{**}All standards referenced have been adapted from the National Health Education Standards (NHES) and the National Science Education Standards (NSES) – Science in Personal and Social Perspectives. Additional concepts, skills, and healthy behavior outcomes have been adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Health Education Curriculum Analysis Tool (HECAT)



Bullying (Continued)	 Bullying Skill Building Activities Trivia Contest Crossword Puzzle – Bullying Elks Drug Awareness Pamphlets: DAP 435 – Bullying & Drug Abuse: The Connection Elkskidszone Avengers – Never Alone#1 Elroy on Choices Cyber Bullying 	
Decision Making	LEARNING CENTER – Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate an understanding of the lesson Elks TeenZone Articles: • 3 D's of Decision Making • Making Good Decisions • Defining Peer Pressure: Good vs Bad Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide - Decision Making Elks Drug Quiz Show Activities: • Decision Making Team Tune-up • Decision Making Team Role Play Trivia Contest Crossword Puzzle – Decision Making Elkskidszone • Elroy on Choices	NHES 5 NHES 6 NHES 8 Colorado Education Initiative: coloradoedinitiative.org
Stimulants	LEARNING CENTER – Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate an understanding of the lesson ElksTeenZone Articles: What About ADHD? Why Do People Use Stimulants?	NHES – Standard 1 NHES – Standard 7 NHES – Standard 8 ATOD HBO 2, 4, 5 - 8

^{**}All standards referenced have been adapted from the National Health Education Standards (NHES) and the National Science Education Standards (NSES) – Science in Personal and Social Perspectives. Additional concepts, skills, and healthy behavior outcomes have been adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Health Education Curriculum Analysis Tool (HECAT)



Stimulants (Continued)	 What About Caffeine? 	
	 Types of Stimulants 	
	 What Are Stimulants? 	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide - Stimulants	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Activity - Tic-Tac-Toe	
	Trivia Contest	
	Crossword Puzzle - Stimulants	
	Elks Drug Awareness Pamphlets	
	 DAP 395 – DXM 	
	 DAP 400 - Methamphetamine 	
	Elkskidzone	
	Get Smart About Drugs – Operation Prevention -	
	https://www.operationprevention.com/multi-drug-exploratory - lessons about	
	drugs.	
Depressants	LEARNING CENTER - Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate an	NHES – Standard 1
1	understanding of the lesson	NHES – Standard 7
	ElksTeenZone Articles:	NHES – Standard 8
	Everything to Know About Heroin	ATOD HBO 2, 4, 5 - 8
	 Can You Get Addicted to Sleeping Pills? 	
	What Are Depressants?	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide - Depressants	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Activity - Questions or Cues	
	Trivia Contest	
	Crossword Puzzle – Depressants	
	Elks Drug Awareness Pamphlets	
	• DAP 370 – Heroin	
	• DAP410 – Heroin-Fentanyl	
	Elkskidzone	
	Get Smart About Drugs – Operation Prevention -	
	https://www.operationprevention.com/multi-drug-exploratory - lessons about	
	drugs.	

^{**}All standards referenced have been adapted from the National Health Education Standards (NHES) and the National Science Education Standards (NSES) – Science in Personal and Social Perspectives. Additional concepts, skills, and healthy behavior outcomes have been adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Health Education Curriculum Analysis Tool (HECAT)



A 4.4 mm m	7	
Hallucinogens	LEARNING CENTER – Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate an	NHES – Standard 1
	understanding of the lesson	NHES – Standard 7
	ElksTeenZone Articles:	NHES – Standard 8
	 Side Effects of Hallucinogens 	ATOD HBO 2 4 5 - 8
	 Intro to Hallucinogens 	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide - Hallucinogens	
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Activity - Relay Race Review	
	ITIVIA CONIEST	
	Crossword Puzzle - Hallucinogens	
	LIKSKIUZOIIE	
	Get Smart About Drugs – Operation Prevention -	
	https://www.operationprevention.com/multi-drug-exploratory - lessons about	
	drugs.	
Eating Healthy and Exercise	LEARNING CENTER - Choose an activity from the list to demonstrate an	NHES 1
	understanding of the lesson	NHES 2
	ElksTeenZone Articles:	NHES 3
	 Healthy Eating: Snacks 101 	NHES 6
	Out-of-the-Box Exercising	NITHE 7
	Why Gym Class Is Important	INTERPORT
	Elks Drug Quiz Show Study Guide – Healthy Eating and Exercising	ne nbo I-13
		FI1W I=-12
	 Healthy Eating and Exercise Multiple Choice: Go, Slow, or Whoa, and Nutrition Labels 	
	 Now Use What You Learned to be a Code Breaker 	
	Trivia Contest	
	Crossword Puzzle	
	Elks Drug Awareness Pamphlets	
	 DAP 395 – DXM 	de address de la companya de la comp
	 DAP 400 - Methamphetamine 	
	Elkskidzone	

**All standards referenced have been adapted from the National Health Education Standards (NHES) and the National Science Education Standards (NSES) – Science in Personal and Social Perspectives. Additional concepts, skills, and healthy behavior outcomes have been adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Health Education Curriculum Analysis Tool (HECAT)

National Health Education Standards

The National Health Education Standards (NHES) were developed to establish, promote, and support health-enhancing behaviors for students in all grade levels—from pre-Kindergarten through grade 12. The NHES provide a framework for teachers, administrators, and policy makers in designing or selecting curricula, allocating instructional resources, and assessing student achievement and progress. Importantly, the standards provide students, families and communities with concrete expectations for health education.

The NHES are written expectations for what students should know and be able to do by grades 2, 5, 8, and 12 to promote personal family, and community health.

Standard 1	Students will comprehend concepts related to health promotion and
	disease prevention to enhance health.
Standard 2	Students will analyze the influence of family, peers, culture, media,
	technology, and other factors on health behaviors.
Standard 3	Students will demonstrate the ability to access valid information
	products, and services to enhance health.
Standard 4	Students will demonstrate the ability to use interpersonal
	communication skills to enhance health and avoid or reduce health
	risks.
Standard 5	Students will demonstrate the ability to use decision-making skills to
	enhance health.
Standard 6	Students will demonstrate the ability to use goal-setting skills to
	enhance health.
Standard 7	Students will demonstrate the ability to practice health-enhancing
	behaviors and avoid or reduce health risks.
Standard 8	Students will demonstrate the ability to advocate for personal, family,
	and community health.

National Science Education Standards

The following table lists the science content standards from the *National Science Education Standards*. The content standards outline what students should know, understand and be able to do in natural science.

An important purpose of science education is to give students a means to understand and act on personal and social issues. The science in personal and social perspectives standards help students develop decision-making skills.

TABLE 6.6 Sc	ience in Personal and Social Perspectives					
Levels K-4	Levels 5-8	Levels 9-12				
 Personal health Characteristics and changes in populations Types of resources Changes in environments Science and technology in local challenges 	 Personal health Populations, resources, and environments Natural hazards Risks and benefits Science and technology in society 	 Personal and community health Population growth Natural resources Environmental quality Natural and human-induced hazards Science and technology in local, national, and global challenges 				

Healthy Behavior Outcomes Alcohol- and Other Drug-Use (AOD) Prevention

Healthy Behavior Outcomes for AOD

- HBO 1 Avoid misuse and abuse of over-the-counter and prescription drugs
- HBO 2 Avoid experimentation with alcohol and other drugs
 - HBO 3 Avoid the use of alcohol
- HBO 4 Avoid the use of illegal drugs
- HBO 5 Avoid driving while under the influence of alcohol and other drugs
- HBO 6 Avoid riding in a motor vehicle with a driver who is under the influence of alcohol or other drugs
 - HBO 7 Quit using alcohol and other drugs if already using
 - HBO 8 Support others to be alcohol and other drug-free

Health Standard 1: Students will comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention

By grade 2, students will be able to: AOD 1.2.1 Identify how household products are harmful if intentionally inhaled or absorbed (HBO1) AOD 1.2.2 Explain the harmful effects of medicines when used effects of medicines when used incorrectly (HBO1) AOD 1.2.3 Describe the potential the-counter medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about alcohol use (HBO2) AOD 1.5.7 Identify family and school rules about alcohol use (HBO2 & 3) AOD 1.5.7 Identify family and school rules about alcohol use (HBO2 & 3)	oold of of of see of	By grade 8, students will be able to: AOD 1.8.1 Distinguish between proper use and abuse of over-the- counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.8.2 Differentiate between proper use and abuse of prescription medicines (HBO1)	By grade 12, students will be able to: AOD 1.12.1 Differentiate between proper use and abuse of over-the-
ally o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	of of see of	AOD 1.8.1 Distinguish between proper use and abuse of over-the-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.8.2 Differentiate between proper use and abuse of prescription medicines (HBO1)	
products are harmful if intentionally inhaled or absorbed (HBO1) AOD 1.2.2 Explain the harmful effects of medicines when used incorrectly (HBO1) AOD 1.2.3 Describe the potential risks associated with use of overthe-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)		proper use and abuse of over-the- counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.8.2 Differentiate between proper use and abuse of prescription medicines (HBO1)	proper use and abuse of over-the-
inhaled or absorbed (HBO1) AOD 1.2.2 Explain the harmful effects of medicines when used incorrectly (HBO1) AOD 1.2.3 Describe the potential risks associated with use of overthe-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	ž.	counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.8.2 Differentiate between proper use and abuse of prescription medicines (HBO1)	
AOD 1.2.2 Explain the harmful effects of medicines when used incorrectly (HBO1) AOD 1.2.3 Describe the potential risks associated with use of overthe-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	ž.	AOD 1.8.2 Differentiate between proper use and abuse of prescription medicines (HBO1)	counter medications (HBO1)
effects of medicines when used incorrectly (HBO1) AOD 1.2.3 Describe the potential risks associated with use of overthe-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	isks se of	proper use and abuse of prescription medicines (HBO1)	o AOD 1.12.2 Differentiate between
incorrectly (HBO1) AOD 1.2.3 Describe the potential risks associated with use of overthe-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	isks se of	medicines (HBO1)	proper use and abuse of prescription
AOD 1.2.3 Describe the potential risks associated with use of overthe-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	isks se of		medicines (HBO1)
risks associated with use of over- the-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)		AOD 1.8.3 Describe the health risks	o AOD 1.12.4 Examine the harmful
the-counter medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)		of using weight loss drugs (HBO1)	effects of weight loss drugs (HBO1.
AOD 1.2.4 Identify family rules about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	s use of	AOD 1.8.4 Describe the health risks	2. &3)
about medicine use (HBO1) AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)		of using performance-enhancing	o AOD 1.12.4 Describe the harmful
AOD 1.2.5 Identify school rules about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	HBO1)	drugs (HBO1)	effects and legal issues related to
about use of medicines (HBO1) AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	ntial o	AOD 1.8.5 Summarize the negative	using performance-enhancing drugs
AOD 1.2.7 Describe how to use medicines correctly (HBO1)	priate	consequences of using alcohol and	(HBO1, 2, & 3)
0 0		other drugs (HBO2, 3, &4)	o AOD 1.12.5 Describe the harmful
	0	AOD 1.8.6 Determine reasons why	effects of binge drinking (HBO 2, &
term effects of 3) AOD 1.5.7 Ide school rules ab (HBO2 & 3)	d long-	people choose to use or not to use	3)
	1B02 &	alcohol and other drugs (HBO2, 3,	o 1.12.6 Summarize the harmful
		&4)	short- and long-term physical,
school rules about alcohol use (HBO2 & 3)	o pu	AOD 1.8.7 Describe situations that	psychological, and social effects of
(HBO2 & 3)	9	could lead to the use of alcohol and	using alcohol and other drugs
	*****************	other drugs (HBO2,3, &4)	(HBO2,3,&4)
O AOD 1.5.8 Explain the difference	o ence	AOD 1.8.8 Explain why using	o 1.12.7 Describe the effects of using
between medicines and illicit drugs	t drugs	alcohol or other drugs is an	alcohol and other drugs om school
(HBO2 & 4)		unhealthy way to manage stress	performance, job performance, job
		(HBO2, 3, & 4)	absenteeism and loss. (HBO2,3, & 4)

Health Standard 1: Students will comprehend concepts related to health promotion and disease prevention (Continued)

Grades Pre-K – 2	Grades 3 – 5	Grades 6 – 8	Grades 9 - 12
		o AOD 1.8.9 Explain school policies	O AOD 1.12.8 Explain the effects of
		and community laws about alcohol	alcohol and other drug use during
		and other drugs (HBO2, 3, & 4)	pregnancy. (HBO2,3 &4)
		o AOD 1.8.10 Describe the	 Evaluate situations that could lead to
		relationship between using alcohol	the use of alcohol and other drugs.
		and other drugs and other health	(HBO2,3 &4)
		risks, such as unintentional injuries,	o AOD 1.12.10 Summarize why
		violence, suicide, sexual risk	alcohol or other drug-use is an
		behaviors, and tobacco use (HBO2,	unhealthy way to manage weight or
		3, 4, 5, & 6)	stress. (HBO2,3 &4)
		o AOD 1.8.11 Describe the benefits of	o AOD 1.12.11 Analyze why
		being alcohol- and other drug-free	individuals choose to use or not to
			use alcohol and other drugs.
		o AOD 1.8.12 Describe positive	
		alternatives to using alcohol and	O AUD 1.12.12 Analyze snort-term
			ally followed drive-free (HRO2 3 & 4)
		O AUD 1.6.13 Explain the relationship	
		between intravenous drug use and	O AUD 1.12.13 Analyze une
		transmission of blood-borne	relationship of alcohol and other
		diseases such as HIV and hepatitis.	drug use to the major causes of
		(HBO2 & 4)	death and disease in the United
		o AOD 1.8.14 Explain the risks	States. (HBO2,3,4,5, &6)
		associated with using alcohol or	o AOD 1.12.14 Summarize family
		other drugs and driving a motor	rules, school rules, and community
		vehicle (HBO5 & 6)	laws about alcohol and other drug-
			use. (HBO2,3,4,5,6 & 8)
			o AOD 1.12.15 Determine socially
			appropriate ways to avoid or prevent
			use of alcohol and other drugs.
			(HBO2,3,4t,6, &8)
			o AOD 1.12.16 Analyze the
			relationship between using alcohol
			and other drugs and other health
			risks, such as unintentional injuries,
			violence, suicide, sexual risk
			behaviors, and tobacco use.
			(HBOZ,3,5 & 6)
			o AOD 1.12.17 Summarize the
			relationship between intravenous
			drug use and transmission of blood-
			borne dis/eases, such as HIV and
			Hepaulus, עונטלים אין

O AOD 1.12.18 Summarize long-term health henefits of abstaining from or	discontinuing alcohol use.	(HBO3&7)	O AOD 1.12.19 Analyze the dangers	of alcohol and other drugs.	(HBO5&8)	o AOD 1.12.20 Summarize the	importance of not riding with a	driver who has been using alcohol	or other drugs. (HBO6&8)	o AOD 1.12.21 Analyze how the	addition to alcohol or other drug use	can be treated. (HBO7&8)	o 1.12.22 Analyze how alcohol and	other drug-use cessation programs	can be successful. (HBO/&8)
and many order to study the	***************************************				September Septem		-								

Healthy Behavior Outcomes (HBO) A Pre-K-12 comprehensive curriculum should enable students to:

Promoting an Alcohol and Other Drug-Free Lifestyle (AOD)

- **AOD-1**: Avoid misuse and abuse of over-the-counter and prescription drugs.
- **AOD-2:** Avoid experimentation with alcohol and other drugs.
- AOD-3: Avoid the use of alcohol.
- AOD-4: Avoid the use of illegal drugs.
- **AOD-5:** Avoid driving while under the influence of alcohol and other drugs.
- **AOD-6**: Avoid riding in a motor vehicle with a driver who is under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
- **AOD-7:** Quit using alcohol and other drugs if already using.
- **AOD-8:** Support others to be alcohol- and other drugfree.

Promoting Healthy Eating (HE)

- **HE-1:** Eat the appropriate number of servings from each food group every day.
- **HE-2:** Eat a variety of foods within each food group every day.
- **HE-3:** Eat an abundance of fruits and vegetables every day.
- **HE-4:** Choose to eat whole grain products and fatfree or low-fat milk or equivalent milk products regularly.
- **HE-5:** Drink plenty of water every day.
- **HE-6:** Limit foods and beverages high in added sugars, solid fat, and sodium.
- HE-7: Eat breakfast every day.
- HE-8: Eat healthy snacks.
- **HE-9:** Eat healthy foods when dining out.
- HE-10: Prepare food in healthful ways.
- **HE-11:** Balance caloric intake with caloric expenditure.
- **HE-12** Follow an eating plan for healthy growth and development.
- **HE-13:** Support others to eat healthy.

Promoting Mental and Emotional Health (MEH)

- MEH-1: Express feelings in a healthy way.
- **MEH-2:** Engage in activities that are mentally and emotionally healthy.
- **MEH-3:** Prevent and manage interpersonal conflict in healthy ways.
- **MEH-4:** Prevent and manage emotional stress and anxiety in healthy ways.
- **MEH-5:** Use self-control and impulse-control strategies to promote health.
- **MEH-6:** Get help for troublesome thoughts, feelings, or actions for oneself and others.
- **MEH-7:** Show tolerance and acceptance of differences in others.
- MEH-8: Establish and maintain healthy relationships.

Promoting Personal Health and Wellness (PHW)

- PHW-1: Brush and floss teeth daily.
- **PHW-2:** Practice appropriate hygiene habits.
- PHW-3: Get an appropriate amount of sleep and rest.
- PHW-4: Prevent vision and hearing loss.
- PHW-5: Prevent damage from the sun.
- **PHW-6:** Practice behaviors that prevent infectious diseases.
- **PHW-7:** Practice behaviors that prevent chronic diseases.
- PHW-8: Prevent serious health problems that result from common chronic diseases and conditions among youth, such as allergies, asthma, diabetes, and epilepsy.
- **PHW-9:** Practice behaviors that prevent foodborne illnesses.
- **PHW-10:** Seek out help for common infectious diseases and chronic diseases and conditions.
- **PHW-11:** Seek out healthcare professionals for appropriate screenings and examinations.
- **PHW-12:** Prevent health problems that result from fads or trends.

Promoting Physical Activity (PA)

- **PA-1:** Engage in moderate to vigorous physical activity for at least 60 minutes every day.
- **PA-2:** Regularly engage in physical activities that enhance cardio-respiratory endurance, flexibility, muscle endurance, and muscle strength.
- **PA-3:** Engage in warm-up and cool-down activities before and after structured exercise.
- **PA-4:** Drink plenty of water before, during, and after physical activity.
- **PA-5:** Follow a physical activity plan for healthy growth and development.
- **PA-6:** Avoid injury during physical activity.
- PA-7 Support others to be physically active.

Promoting Safety (S)

- **S-1:** Follow appropriate safety rules when riding in or on a motor vehicle.
- **S-2:** Avoid driving a motor vehicle or riding in a motor vehicle driven by someone while under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.
- **S-3:** Use safety equipment appropriately and correctly.
- **S-4:** Apply safety rules and procedures to avoid risky behaviors and injury.
- **S-5:** Avoid safety hazards in the home and community.
- **S-6:** Recognize and avoid dangerous surroundings.
- **S-7:** Get help for oneself or others when injured or suddenly ill.
- **S-8:** Support others to avoid risky behaviors and be safe.

Promoting Sexual Health (SH)

- SH-1: Establish and maintain healthy relationships.
- **SH-2:** Be sexually abstinent.
- **SH-3:** Engage in behaviors that prevent or reduce sexually transmitted disease (STD), including HIV infection.
- **SH-4:**Engage in behaviors that prevent or reduce unintended pregnancy.

- **SH-5:** Avoid pressuring others to engage in sexual behaviors.
- **SH-6:** Support others to avoid or reduce sexual risk behaviors.
- **SH-7:** Treat others with courtesy and respect without regard to sexual status.
- **SH-8:** Utilize appropriate health services to promote sexual health.

Promote a Tobacco-Free Lifestyle (T)

- **T-1:** Avoid using (or experimenting with) any form of tobacco.
- T-2: Avoid second-hand smoke.
- **T-3:** Support a tobacco-free environment.
- **T-4:** Support others to be tobacco-free.
- **T-5:** Quit using tobacco, if already using.

Prevent Violence (V)

- V-1: Manage interpersonal conflict in nonviolent ways.
- V-2: Manage emotional distress in nonviolent ways.
- **V-3:** Avoid bullying, being a bystander to bullying, or being a victim of bullying.
- **V-4:** Avoid engaging in violence, including sexual harassment, coercion, exploitation, physical fighting, and rape.
- **V-5:** Avoid situations where violence is likely to occur.
- **V-6:** Avoid associating with others who are involved in or who encourage violence or criminal activity.
- **V-7:** Get help to prevent or stop violence including harassment, abuse, bullying, hazing, fighting, and hate crimes.
- **V-8:** Get help to prevent or stop inappropriate touching.
- **V-9:** Get help to stop being subjected to violence or physical abuse.
- **V-10:** Get help for oneself or others who are in danger of hurting themselves.

Common Core Learning Standards

Teaching health concepts and skills is not done in isolation. Integrating health education efforts within other core curricular areas can lead to favorable outcomes. Listed below are **some**, but not all of the Common Core Learning Standards that can be addressed when teaching this curricular area.

> English Language Arts – Grades K-5

Reading Standards - Key Ideas and Details

- Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
- Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development;
 summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
- Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

O Reading Standards - Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.
- Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
- Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

O Writing Standards - Text Types and Purposes

- Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
- Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly

O Writing Standards - Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.
- Draw evidence from literary and/or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

English Language Arts Standards Grades 6 - 12

Reading Standards - Key Ideas and Details

- Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.
- Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development;
 summarize the key supporting details and ideas.
- Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

o Reading Standards - Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.
- Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
- Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Output Writing Standards - Text Types and Purposes

- Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
- Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Writing Standards - Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.
- Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.
- Draw evidence from literary and/or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research

> Career Development && Occupational Studies

- Standard 1: Career Development
- Standard 2: Integrated Learning
- Standard 3: Universal Foundation Skills

> The Arts

O Standards 1: Creating, Performing, and Participating in the Arts.

Supplemental Websites and Resources for Drug Awareness Education

DEA - Drug Enforcement Administration - dea.gov

Websites

DEA provides essential information about the harmful effects of illicit drug use through our educational materials and three websites, www.justthinktwice.com for teens, and www.getsmartaboutdrugs.com for parents, educators, and caregivers and www.campusdrugprevention.gov for professionals in higher education.



www.JustThinkTwice.com

DEA's website for teens, www.justthinktwice.com, provides credible information about the harmful effects of drug use. The site includes information about various drugs, including facts and fiction about drugs, the consequences of drug use, as well as topics about addiction, impaired driving, and true stories about teens that have had drug problems. The site provides descriptions of specific drugs, such as marijuana, Spice/K2, bath salts, and heroin, as well as the drugs' street names, effect on the mind and body, overdose effects, legal status, and origin.



www.GetSmartAboutDrugs.com

DEA's website for parents, www.GetSmartAboutDrugs.com, provides valuable drug education information for parents, educators, and caregivers to further help identify drug use, drug paraphernalia, warning signs of drug use, and the harmful side effects of the most commonly abused drugs. The site features several downloadable publications including "Growing Up Drug-Free: A Parent's Guide to Prevention," "Prescription for Disaster: How Teens Abuse Medicine," and "The Dangers and Consequences of Marijuana Abuse."



Campus Drug Prevention

www.campusdrugprevention.gov is DEA's latest effort to support drug abuse prevention programs on college campuses and in surrounding communities. The website was created for professionals working to prevent drug abuse among college students, including educators, student health centers, and student affairs personnel. In addition, it serves as a useful tool for college students, parents, and others involved in campus communities.

The website offers valuable information, including data, news updates, drug scheduling and penalties, publications, research, national and statewide conferences and events, state and local prevention contacts, and resources available from DEA's federal partners. The website also includes a "Help a Friend" resource to educate and prepare those who plan to talk to their friends or loved ones about drug use concerns.

Red Ribbon Week Campaign - dea.gov/redribbon



RED RIBBON WEEK® - NATIONAL FAMILY PARTNERSHIP - http://nfp.org/rr/



NIDA – National Institute on Drug Awareness – drugabuse.gov – NIDA is the lead federal agency supporting scientific research on drug use and its consequences.

NIDA for Teens – teensdrugabuse.gov - Nida for Teens is the trusted source for science-based information on teen drug use and its effects.

LEARNING CENTER LEARNING CENTER LEARNING CENTER LEARNING CENTER LEARNING CENTER LEARNING CENTER

DIRECTIONS

Become an EXPERT on the information in each Center by...

READING THE INFORMATION

If you do not like to read:

- a) Ask another student or an adult volunteer to read the information out loud, or
- b) Take turns reading.

DOING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING THINGS:

Working alone or with another person, decide how you want to learn the information.

Consider having fun...

- A. Quizzing each other, or
- B. Making a poster containing at least 10 facts about the information you're studying, or
- C. Making up a song, a poem, a rap, or a story telling at least 10 facts about the information you're studying, or
- D. Writing a story about someone who has problems because of not understanding the information you're studying. For example, if you are reading the Stimulants Learning Center, you could write a story about a person who uses cocaine. Be sure to include at least 10 facts, or
- E. Making up an ad which tells the "true story" about whatever it is you are studying. Once again, be sure to include at least 10 facts.



Grade 6-8 Decision Making

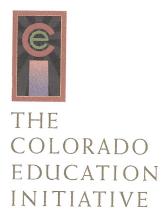
Background Information:

Students make decisions everyday, however, many of the decisions they see and experience may not have been carefully considered. It is important for students to understand that the use of this skill will allow them to sort through problems, brainstorm options, analyze the positive and negative outcomes, and then implement and reflect on the choices they make. When applied to health issues, this process gives students the ability to make decisions individually, or collaboratively, to improve their quality of life.

The decision making model for grades 6-8 involves five basic steps. It is a good idea to have these steps posted in the room or available as a handout. The model and an example should be shared with students during the teaching of the skill. By understanding how to make good decisions students will learn that they will have more control over their lives.

The Model





The Steps

Skill Steps	Teaching progression	Grades MS Decision Making Example:
Step 1: Identifying a Decision That Needs a	Before students can identify a decision, they need to be able to have a discussion about circumstances that can help or hinder healthy decision-making.	A couple of my friends have gone to parties and are bragging about smoking cigarettes. I am going to a party this next weekend and I am afraid that I may be pressured to smoke.
Decision	They need to anticipate when and where situations will arise that will require them to make a healthy decision.	"If someone at the party asks me to smoke, am I going to say yes or no"
	 Going to a party with friends Parents are gone-what are kids expected to do here? Choosing healthy foods 	
	The next step is being able to evaluate when a thoughtful decision is needed versus an everyday decision. For example, smoking marijuana vs. what to wear to school.	
	Another concept for students to examine is the difference between an impulsive versus a thoughtful decision.	
	Students should discuss what situations they will need help with a decision.	
	Finally, students need to be able to verbalize why this decision is important to their health and how making a healthy decision will benefit themselves and/or others.	
Step 2:	Make a list of all of the possible options you would consider.	Brainstorm Options:
Brainstorm		1. Don't go to the party at all.
Possible Options		2. Go to the party and try smoking.
Step 3:	The use of a chart is beneficial in listing all of the positive and	3. Go to the party and say no.
Identify the	negative outcomes of each option: The criteria to be used is	Outcomes:
Positive and	as follows:	Don't go to the party at all. Outcomes, positive no pressure to smoke, negative I miss
Negative	Is the option healthy or unhealthy?	out on being with friends.
Outcomes for	How does the option affect myself?	Sat on boing war monas.
Each Option	How does the option affect others?	2. Go to the party and try smoking. Outcomes,
	Does this option support my values?	positive fit in with my friends; negative labeled
	 How do these options affect my goals? Does the decision follow the law?	by others as a smoker and may become addicted.
		3. Go to the party and say no. Outcomes, positive not breaking the law, be with my friends, negative, might lose my smoking friends
Step 4: Make a Decision and Follow	Students are now ready to make their decision based on their analysis of the positive and negative outcomes.	The decision will be to go to the party and say no.
Through		
Step 5: Reflect	Students need to take time to reflect on the decision that was	Use the reflection questions to analyze if
on the Decision That was Made	made and analyze the outcome of the decision. Students can answer a variety of questions related to the decision making process.	the decision was the correct one for me. It was good choice because I was able to
	NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	be with my friends and I did not break the
	What was the decision I made?	law. They accepted my decision to say no.
	Why did I make the choice that I did? Did the decision that I made and I only the state of the state	
	Did the decision that I made work? Why or Why not?How did this decision affect my health?	
	Would you make this decision again?	
	rrodia you make una decision again?	

Name:		
ivallic.		



Decision-Making Process



STEP 1: Identify the Decision to be Made

Describe the situation that involves a decision that needs to be made:	
What is the decision to be made?	
Why is this decision important to me and my health?	
Does this situation require me to use the decision-making process? YES or NO	
Explain.	
Can I make this decision alone, or do I need the help of an adult or trusted resource Explain.	?
How will this decision affect me the rest of my life?	





Step 2: Brainstorm Possible Options Step 3: Identify Possible Outcomes

Options	Positive Outcome	Negative Outcome
1.		
2.		
3.		



Step 4 - Make a Decision and Follow Through

According to the options above, which one looks like the best and circle it.

Now, look at the criteria below, answer each question about the option you chose. If you answered no to any of the questions, then you need to re-evaluate your option.

		YES	NO
	Is the option healthy?		
	Does this decision respect my mind and body?		
	Does this decision respect people that care about me?		
	Does this option support my values?		
	Does this option promote my goals?		
	Does this decision follow the law?		
Vhich healthy option did you chose?			
******			-



Step 5: Reflect on the Decision that was Made:

Decision Making Reflection

Write a paragraph that will reflect on the decision you made and how it worked. Use some of the answers to the questions below in your paragraph.

- Why did I make the choice that I did?
- Did the decision that I made work? Why or Why not?
- How did this decision affect my health?
- Would I make this decision again?

	How did the decision-making model help you come up with a decision?

**	
-	
-	
1	
Water dreety description graphs	